

## MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

## BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

# CALENDAR YEAR 2010 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

Punkin Water Association

	Mail Ca	ompleted Form to: Bureau of Public Water St Phone: 601-576-	ipply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 7518
ryame/		Mayor, Owner, etc.)	Date
The	me DL	The state of the s	May 31, 2011
Thomas	D. Sartor,	Director & CCR Officer	
consiste	ent with the wa	achinica above a fulliber cernity ingi the int	distributed to the customers of this public water system in permation included in this CCR is true and correct and is public water system officials by the Mississippi State
		consumer confidence report (CCD) has been	Bandley day day day
	IFICATION	ed on a publicly accessible internet site at the a	aaress: www
			dd
	Date Posted:	•	
	CCR was poste	ed in public places. (Attach list of locations)	
		1: 05/26/2011	
		spaper: The Oxford Eagle	* • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<b>(X</b>	CCR was publ	lished in local newspaper. (Attach copy of pub	lished CCR or proof of publication)
		Distributed: / /	÷
	CCR was di	stributed by mail or other direct delivery.	Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date custom	ters were informed: 05 /25 / 2011	
		Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other	
₹	Customers we	ere informed of availability of CCR by: (Attack	h copy of publication, water bill or other)
Please	e Answer the Fo	ollowing Questions Regarding the Consumer	Confidence Report
The F confid must I	Federal Safe Dri lence report (CO be mailed to the	inking Water Act requires each community (CR) to its customers each year. Depending on customers, published in a newspaper of local of	public water system to develop and distribute a consumer the population served by the public water system, this CCR circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.
		List PWS ID #s for all Water Syst	
		0360013 & 03	• •
		Public Water Sup	ply Name

570 East Woodrow Wilson • Post Office Box 1700 • Jackson, Mississippi 39215-1700 601/576-7634 • Fax 601/576-7931 • www.HealthyMS.com

## 2010 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Punkin Water Association PWS ID#: 0360013 and 0360031

May 2011

2011 JUNI -2 AN 9: 29

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Punkin Water Association have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact John W. Davis at (662)234-3239. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Tuesday of each month at 7:00 PM at the residence of Mrs. Ruby Gean at 11 County Road 417, Oxford, MS 38655.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2010. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2010, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) — The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID#	<b>4: 03600</b> 1	13	,	TEST RESULTS				
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

Inorganic	Cont	aminant	ts					
10. Barium	N	2009*	.023	No Range	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natura deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2009*	.158	No Rnage	ppm	4		Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Disinfection	on By	-Produc	ts					
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2009*	1.11	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2010	1.15	.8 – 1.35	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2010.

PWS ID#:	03000	31		TEST RESU					
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL.	Likely Source of Contamination	
Inorganic	Contai	minants	;						
10. Barium	N	2009*	.006	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natura deposits	
14. Copper	N	2008*	.3	0	ppm	1.3	1	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives	
16. Fluoride	N	2009*	.165	No Range	ppm	4		Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories	
17. Lead	N	2008*	1	0	ppb	0		Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits	
Disinfectio	n By-P	roducts	S						
81. HAA5	N	2006*	21.06	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.	
B2. TTHM Total rihalomethanes]	N	2006*	18.9	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.	
Chlorine	N	2010	1.29	1.15 – 1.4	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes	

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2010.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected, however, the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2

minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Punkin Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Punkin Water Association C/O Thomas Sartor 22 County Road 407 Oxford, MS 38655

May 31, 2011

State of Mississippi Bureau of Public Water Supply P. O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

RE: 2010 Consumer Confidence Report Certification

Dear Bureau of Public Water Supply:

Enclosed please find our CCR certification form with all related documents for the year 2010. If there are any questions please call, (662)234-1680 or cell #(662)202-2840, or write me at the above address.

Sincerely,

Thomas D. Sartor

Punkin Water Association Director / CCR Officer

ENCL:

Certification Form

Actual Water Bill

Proof of Publication (Oxford Eagle Newspaper)

Page from actual paper of article

Contaminant	Victation Y/N	Dyte Colected	Level Delected	Range of Detects or 6 of Samples Exceeding	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contemination
1 State				MOUACE	L			
norganic							-	Discharge of driving worker, discharge
0. Bariam		2009*	623	No Range	ppm	4-1	. 199	from metal refineries; propios of natura deposits
6. Fluorida	H	2009*	168	Na Rnege	ppm	14/25/ 24/25/		Erteion of natural deposits: water addition which promotes strong leaft; declaring from furniture and stamment factories
	0.00	100			William			
Disinfecti	on By-i	roduct	8	4.000	2500	440,80	241 to 11	
52. TTHSA Total phalomethanes	"	2009*	1.01	No Range	bee	0		chloricuston
Chlome	N.	2010	1.15	8-1.35	ppm	0	MORL *	4 Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID#:	03600	31		TEST RESU		20000	-	Likely Source of Contemination	
Conteminant	Violetion Y/N	Date Collected	Livel Detected	Range of Delacts or 6 of Samples Exceeding IACL/ACL	Unit Measura -mont	MCLG	<b>H</b> CL	Lazay Source of Contamination	
Inorganic	Conta	ninants							
10, Barrom	N	2009*	.006	No Range	bbin	2	2	Oncharge of skilling wastes, discharge from metal retrieries; erosion of nature decoals	
14. Copper	N	2008*	3 (	0	ppm	1.3	AL=13	Corosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood presentatives	
18. Placeide	*	2006*	.165	No Range	ppm	•	•	Erosion of natural depotets; water additive which promotes strong beath, discharge from fartitizet and aluminum factories.	
17. Lead	H	2006*	1	0	ppb	0	AL-1A		
Disinfecti	on By-l	Product	8						
81.16AS	IN "	2005	21.06	No Range	P\$*	0		O By-Product of drinking water desiralection	
82. TTIBA (Total minulomethares	N	2006*	18.9	Ho Range	PP <sup>®</sup>	0		O By-product of drinking water chronication.	
				1.15 - 1.4	ppra		LIDRL *	4 Water additive used to control	

## PROOF OF PUBLICATION

PRINTER'S FEE \$ 461.40

## THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI LAFAYETTE COUNTY

Personally appeared before me, a notary public in and for said county and State, the undersigned

### Tim Phillips

Who, after being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Co-Publisher of the Oxford Eagle, a newspaper published daily in the City of Oxford, in said county and State, and that the said newspaper has been published for more than one year and that Punkin Water Association 2010 annual Dunking Water Report a true copy of which is hereto attached was published for \_\_\_\_\_\_ consecutive weeks in said newspaper as follows:

VOLUME 143

Notary Public, Lafayette Count

My commission expires HITA G. VASILYEV

PUNKIN WATER ASSOCIATION P.O. Box 114, Oxford, MS 38655 RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED,

2011 JULY - 2 MM 9: 29

CHARGES 20.00

USED

METER READING
NT PREVIOUS

PRESENT

TYPE OF SERVICE Water

450300

450300

PAID 172 FIRST-CLASS MAIL U.S. POSTAGE

IT NO.	PUNKIN WATER ASSOCIATION	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER THIS DATE	6/10/11	GROSS AMOUNT TO BE PAID	22.00	MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT
PERMIT NO.	WATER AS	CUSTOMER	2	JNT TO BE PAID	20.00	IL THIS STUB WIT
	PUNKIN	Sing	1	NET AMON	20	MAN

The CCR is available upon request.

5/25/11 Service From 4/25/2011 TO 5/23/2011 ACCOUNT 2

PAST DUE AMOUNT 22.00 LATE CHARGE AFTER DUE DATE 2.00 TOTAL DUE UPON RECEIPT 20.00METER READ CLASS

Punkin Water Telephone (662) 234-1897
PUNKIN WATER ANNUAL MEETING
TUESDAY, JUNE 21, 2011, 7:00 P.M. | History of the standard of the standard